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#### General Information

- The goal of this presentation is to give a brief introduction to using OLCF systems & OLCF policies
- This is by no means an all-inclusive presentation
- Feel free to ask questions
- Much of this may be a reminder
  - Largely an update to previous presentations:
     <a href="https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining/254494153">https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining/254494153</a>
     <a href="https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining/405885960">https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining/405885960</a>



#### Overview

- 1. Staying Informed
- 2. OLCF Policies
- 3. Authentication with RSA Tokens
- 4. Projects & User Accounts
- 5. Data Management
- 6. Using HPSS
- 7. Finding and Building Software
- 8. Using Summit
- 9. Training Opportunities
- 10. Getting Help





# Staying Informed



# Staying Informed

- OLCF provides multiple layers of user notifications about system status and downtimes
  - Email lists
  - Status indicators on <a href="https://www.olcf.ornl.gov">https://www.olcf.ornl.gov</a> (at the bottom)
  - Twitter (@OLCFStatus)
- For more information, see the OLCF website: https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/for-users/user-assistance/



# Staying Informed – Email Lists

#### Announce lists

- All users are required to be members
- System-specific (\*-announce@email.ornl.gov) and center-wide (ccs-announce@email.ornl.gov) lists
- New list: olcf@olcf-communications.org
- Used for major announcements, weekly notice, etc.

#### Notice lists

- By default, "recent" users (active in last 2 weeks)
- Permanent opt-in/opt-out possible (contact help@olcf.ornl.gov)
- Used for minor updates, system status, etc.

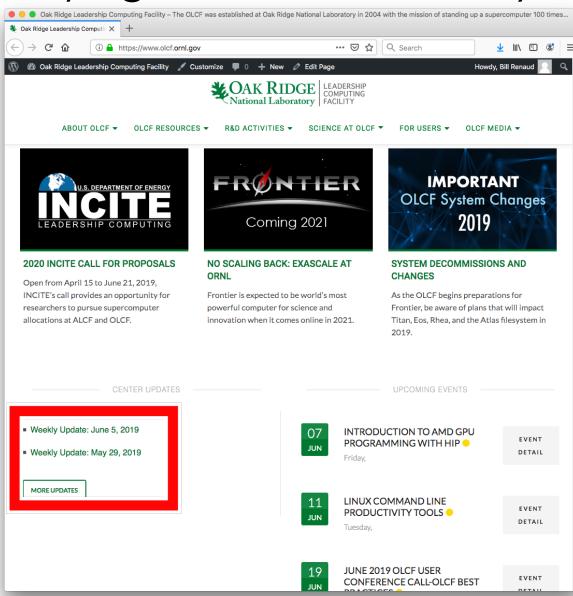


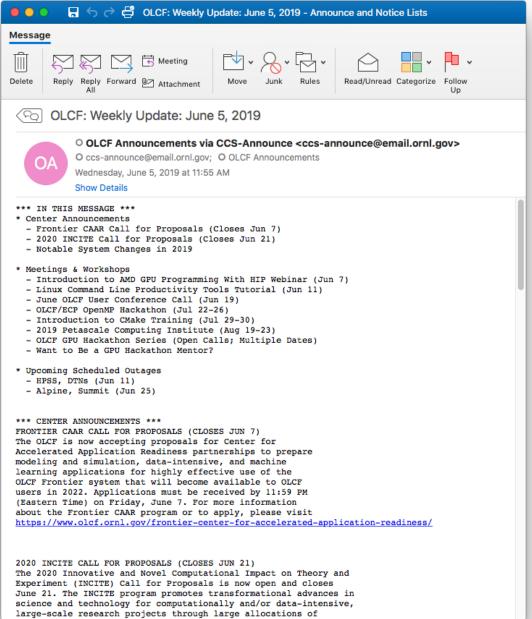
# Staying Informed – Weekly Update

- Sent before noon (Eastern) on Wednesday
- Announcements about outages, training, etc.
- ALL USERS should receive this email
- Also posted on OLCF home page



# Staying Informed – Weekly Update





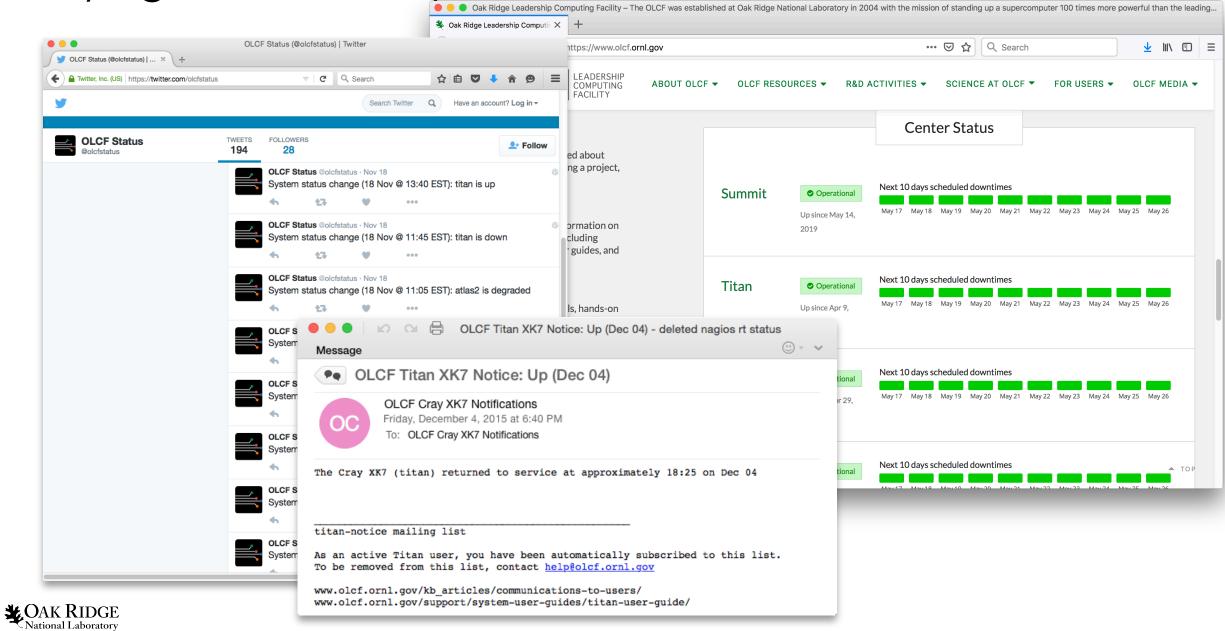


# Staying Informed – System Status

- Logs from monitoring software are parsed to make educated guess on system status which is sent to multiple destinations
  - OLCF Website
  - Twitter (@OLCFStatus)
  - Appropriate notice list
- Fairly accurate, but still a fully automated process
  - Possibility of both false positives and false negatives
  - We do take some measures to mitigate this



Staying Informed – System Status





# **OLCF Policies**



#### **OLCF Policies**

- Various OLCF policies are available at <a href="https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/olcf\_policy\_guide.html">https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/olcf\_policy\_guide.html</a>
  - Computing Policy
  - Security Policy
  - Data Management Policy
  - Various Project Policies (Reporting, Allocation Utilization, User Agreement)
- The site also includes the acknowledgement statement for publications related to work done on OLCF resources.





# Authentication with RSA Tokens



# Authenticating to OLCF Systems

- Interactive login access is via Secure Shell (SSH)
- Systems use "two-factor" authentication via user-selected PINs and RSA SecurID tokens
- Other authentication methods (password, public key, etc.) are not permitted



# Common Login Issues

- SSH (typically) doesn't prompt for a username
  - By default, it uses your username on the client system
  - You must tell SSH if your username differs
    - Command line: ssh olcfusername@home.ccs.ornl.gov
    - Can set this in ~/.ssh/config file
    - Various ways to do this in graphical SSH clients
  - Unless you request verbose output (-v[v[v]]), SSH won't tell you what username it's using



# Common Login Issues

- SSH prompts for a password after PASSCODE fails
  - Typically happens after three PASSCODE failures
  - This is a fallback behavior of SSH (the PASSCODE didn't work, so it's trying something else)
  - We don't use passwords (so nothing you type in will permit login); kill the process (ctrl-c) & try again.

```
Enter PASSCODE:
Enter PASSCODE:
Enter PASSCODE:
user1@summit.olcf.ornl.gov's password:
```



## Common Login Issues

- RSA token gets out of sync with the server
  - Sometimes you may be prompted for the 'next tokencode'
    - Tokencode: The 6 digit number on your RSA token
    - PIN: An alphanumeric string of 4-8 characters known only to you
    - PASSCODE: Your PIN followed by the current tokencode
  - When this happens, enter (only) the next tokencode your RSA token generates

```
Enter PASSCODE: Wait for the tokencode to change, then enter the new tokencode:
```



# Additional RSA/SSH Tips

- Once you've used a tokencode, you can't re-use it
- If your PASSCODE has failed twice, let the tokencode change before you try again (to avoid token being locked out)



# Projects & User Accounts



# System & Group Access

#### Projects

- Are granted system access
- Are assigned Unix groups

#### Users

- Are assigned to projects
- "Inherit" the project's groups & system accesses
- Are **not** directly added to systems/groups

# Finding Your Project's ID and Allocation

Use showproj to list your projects

```
$ showproj

user1 is a member of the following project(s) on summit:

abc123
```

Use showusage to show usage on your project(s)

```
$ showusage

summit usage for the project's current allocation period:

Project Totals user1

Project Allocation Usage Remaining Usage

abc123 735000 11138 7338862 12
```

NOTE: Both commands display a help message if invoked with -h



## Managing Your Allocation

- Projects are not disabled for going over allocation; they receive priority reduction
  - slight for 100-125% of allocation
  - larger for >125% of allocation (also incurs a limit of 1 running job)
- Since we don't disable projects, we don't give refunds (per se)
  - We can delay priority reduction if lots of jobs were affected by a particular system issue (same effect but easier to manage)



# Project Closeout

- When your project ends, you'll no longer be able to access OLCF resources associated with that project
  - Even if you're continuing on other projects (and thus retain access to systems like Summit), you won't be able to access the storage areas for the project that ended
- Users will be given a month for data retrieval
  - You won't be able to access the main resources...you will need to use the Data Transfer Nodes



# Data Management



## Storage Areas

- Divided by scope
  - User
  - Shared among project members
  - Shared among (potentially) all users
- Divided by use
  - Home
  - Scratch
  - Archive



# Data Storage Locations

Storage Area	Technology	Purpose of Area	
User home	NFS	Frequently accessed user data	
Project home	NFS	Frequently accessed project data	
User work	Spectrum Scale/GPFS	User's scratch files	
Project work	Spectrum Scale/GPFS	Project's scratch files	
Global work	Spectrum Scale/GPFS	Sharing data among all users/projects on the system	
User archive	HPSS <sup>1</sup>	Long-term storage for user data	
Project archive	HPSS <sup>1</sup>	Long-term storage for project data	
Global archive	HPSS <sup>1</sup>	Long-term storage for system-wide shared data	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>HPSS is not mounted as a filesystem; access is discussed in upcoming slides



# Data Storage Locations

Storage Area	Location <sup>1</sup>	Default Permissions	Change Permissions?	Backed Up?
User home	/ccs/home/\$USER	0750	Yes	Yes
Project home	/ccs/proj/proj_id	0770	$No^3$	Yes
User work <sup>2</sup>	<pre>/gpfs/alpine/proj_id/scratch/\$USER</pre>	0700	$No^3$	No
Project work <sup>2</sup>	<pre>/gpfs/alpine/proj_id/proj-shared</pre>	2770	$No^3$	No
Global work <sup>2</sup>	<pre>/gpfs/alpine/proj_id/world-shared</pre>	2775	$No^3$	No
User archive	/hpss/prod/proj_id/users/\$USER	0700	$No^3$	No
Project archive	/hpss/prod/proj_id/proj_shared	2770	$No^3$	No
Global archive	/hpss/prod/proj_id/world_shared	2775	No <sup>3</sup>	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These are recommended ways to reference directories, not necessarily absolute path names.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Top-level directory permissions "enforce" proper scope of user/project/global directories.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Or, \$MEMBERWORK/proj\_id, \$PROJWORK/proj\_id, \$WORLDWORK/proj\_id

## Data Backups

- NFS directories are backed up to a limited extent
  - Accessed via the .snapshot subdirectory of an NFS directory
  - The hourly/daily/weekly subdirectories of .snapshot are copies of the current directory as of the snapshot time (directory names are the snapshot timestamp)
  - Note that .snapshot won't show up in "1s -al"
- GPFS is not backed up (AND is purged...see next slide)
- HPSS is not backed up



# Purge Policy

- "Work" directories (i.e. GPFS) are scratch areas and are not intended for long-term storage
- To ensure available space, they are regularly purged of files not accessed/modified in a certain period of time
  - Current purge threshold is in our Data Management Policy
- You should archive data in these areas to a more permanent location as soon as possible



# Monitoring Storage Usage

• For home directories, use the quota command

• For archive directories, use showusage

#### Data Considerations

- OLCF systems can generate large volumes of data very quickly
- Projects should develop a data strategy as soon as possible
  - Consider directory structures, permissions, group, etc.
  - Try to catch issues early (much easier to "fix" 100 files than 10,000)
  - The chmod and umask commands are vital
- Several things to consider
  - Where project members will store data
  - File ownership/permissions
  - Transferring data to other locations



# Transferring Data

- Data transfer nodes (dtn.ccs.ornl.gov) are the preferred place for internal & external data transfers
- Several ways to transfer your data
  - External (to OLCF): bbcp, scp, gridftp, globus.org
  - Internal: hsi/htar along with those listed above
- Start early/transfer data as it's generated



# Using HPSS



# The High Performance Storage System

- HPSS is the proper location for long-term storage
  - Not space-constrained like NFS "home" areas
  - Not subject to purge like GPFS
- Directories are project-centric with spaces for user, project, and globally-shared data
- HPSS is accessed via the hsi and htar commands
- HPSS is also accessible via Globus



# HPSS Directory Structure Changes

- In January, moved from /home/\$USER and /proj/proj\_id to /hpss/prod/... directories
  - /proj/proj\_id is now symlink to /hpss/prod/proj\_id/proj-shared
  - /home/\$USER is a linkfarm to a user's /hpss/prod/proj\_id directories

Existing users w/data in /home/\$USER have not been migrated; they should move data into /hpss/prod/... and will be automatically migrated when all files are moved.

- Please begin using these directory structures for HPSS data
- (Existing users: Please migrate files in your HPSS home directory to an appropriate project area)



#### **HPSS** Best Practices

- Multiple simultaneous transfers won't necessarily yield benefits (especially on "get" operations)
- Avoid numerous consecutive hsi get calls (see next slide)
- File size best practices
  - With htar, no member file can be ≥ 64GiB (the archive itself can be)
  - For optimal transfer performance, use files ≥ 768GB
  - Minimum recommended file size is 512MB
    - Smaller files will be handled but I/O performance may be negatively affected
    - If you have many small files, try bundling with htar to achieve the 512MB threshold



### **HPSS** Best Practices

• Bad practice: SUCCESSIVE hai get Calls

```
$ hsi get /hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file1
$ hsi get /hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file2
$ hsi get /hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file3
```

• Good practice: create a list file & call hsi once

```
$ cat getfiles.lst
get <<EOF
/hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file1
/hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file2
/hpss/prod/abc123/users/someuser/file3
EOF
$ hsi "in getfiles.lst"</pre>
```



# The hsi transfer agent

- The hsi transfer agent offloads hsi transfers started on certain nodes to a dedicated set of transfer nodes
  - Reduces load on login nodes
  - Uses nodes optimized for transfer
- To use it, launch hsi from
  - Interactive DTNs (dtn.ccs.ornl.gov)
  - Batch/Scheduled DTNs (jobs submitted from dtn.ccs.ornl.gov)
- Running hsi from other nodes is discouraged



#### More HPSS Information

- Data transfer information is available in OLCF User Guides on the website (links at the end of this presentation)
- For even more HPSS information, see the presentation by OLCF's George Markomanolis
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/wpcontent/uploads/2018/12/storage\_areas\_summit\_links.pdf
  - https://vimeo.com/306433952





# Finding & Building Software



# Finding Software

- Basic commands are part of the default environment
- Other software via Lmod
  - Similar to Environment Modules (module load, etc.) but more powerful
  - https://lmod.readthedocs.io/
- Compilers, debugging/optimization tools, other libraries & some scientific apps available

### Finding Software

- Special case: python
  - We provide python+anaconda distributions
  - Recommend using those with a conda or venv to build specific modules you need
- Other software
  - You're free to build what you need in your directories, subject to licensing and export control restrictions
  - If you think something might be of general interest, you can request we install it via <a href="http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/support/software/software-request">http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/support/software/software-request</a> or help@olcf.ornl.gov

# Building Software

- Considering building/installing software in an NFS area
  - Avoids the scratch area purge
  - Also can be "friendlier" to the system, since compiling involves lots of metadata which can impact/be impacted by large parallel filesystems
- Might be possible to build in a ramdisk (such as /tmp) with an NFS directory as the installation prefix
  - Be careful with /tmp due to permissions



# Using Summit



### **Summit Considerations**

- Running Jobs
  - Summit uses LSF for the batch queue system
  - Summit uses jsrun as its parallel launcher
    - Different approach to thinking about resources
    - OLCF provides tools to help (be sure to join the March user call for more info!)
- Processor Architecture
  - POWER9TM
  - Not compatible with x86\_64 binaries, so you may have issues with precompiled software (LOTS of stuff targets x86\_64)



### Summit Training Resources

- https://github.com/olcf-tutorials
- https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/training/training\_archive.html, in particular:
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/introduction-to-nvidia-profilers-onsummit/
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/summit-training-workshop/
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/introduction-to-summit-webinar/
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/jsrun-tutorial/





# Training Opportunities



# Training Opportunities

- We host numerous training events through the year
  - Monthly User Conference Call
  - Software-specific courses
  - GPU Hackathons<a href="https://gpuhackathons.org/">https://gpuhackathons.org/</a>
- Most are in-person and are webcast



# Training Opportunities

- What training is coming up?
  - Watch for announcements in the Weekly Update
  - Check the OLCF Training Calendar
     <a href="https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/for-users/training/training-calendar/">https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/for-users/training/training-calendar/</a>
- Videos of past training events are on the OLCF Vimeo site https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining





# Getting Help



### Where do I find documentation?

- OLCF Website/System User Guides <u>https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/</u>
- NVIDIA hosted documentation http://docs.nvidia.com



# Working With User Support

- Email is often the best option to contact us
  - Especially for sending long/complicated error messages
  - Send as many error messages as possible (or place them in a file & direct us to the file)
- "Send" us codes by creating a .tar file & directing us to it
- Report new issues in new tickets (not a reply to an old ticket)
  - Helps us in classifying/searching through old tickets
  - Gives it greater visibility



### Requesting Policy Exemptions

- The Resource Utilization Council accepts requests for temporary exemption from some policies (various job limits, purge exemptions, quota increases, etc.)
- Request can be made from our Documents & Forms page (in the third section of the page) <a href="https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/documents\_and\_forms.html">https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/documents\_and\_forms.html</a>
  - Reviewed by RUC; make requests well in advance to allow for review
  - If requesting job priority, make sure you submit the job...they often run more quickly than you expect





# Finally



### Finally...

- We're here to help you
- Questions/comments/etc. can be sent to the OLCF User Assistance Center
  - Staffed 9AM 5PM US Eastern Time (exclusive of ORNL holidays)
  - help@olcf.ornl.gov
  - (865) 241-6536

### List of Links

#### General

- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov
- https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/olcf\_policy\_guide.html
- http://www.olcf.ornl.gov/support/software/software-request
- https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/accounts/documents\_and\_forms.html

#### Documentation

- https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov
- http://docs.nvidia.com
- https://lmod.readthedocs.io



### List of Links

### Training

- https://vimeo.com/channels/olcftraining
- https://github.com/olcf-tutorials
- https://docs.olcf.ornl.gov/training/training\_archive.html
- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/introduction-to-nvidia-profilers-onsummit/
- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/summit-training-workshop/
- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/introduction-to-summit-webinar/
- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/for-users/training/training-calendar/
- https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/calendar/jsrun-tutorial/



### List of Links

- Training (Continued)
  - https://www.olcf.ornl.gov/wpcontent/uploads/2018/12/storage\_areas\_summit\_links.pdf
  - https://vimeo.com/306433952 (Summit storage/data transfers)
  - https://gpuhackathons.org/

