

# The OLCF Looking Forward: What's Next After Titan

Jack Wells  
Director of Science  
Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility  
Oak Ridge National Laboratory

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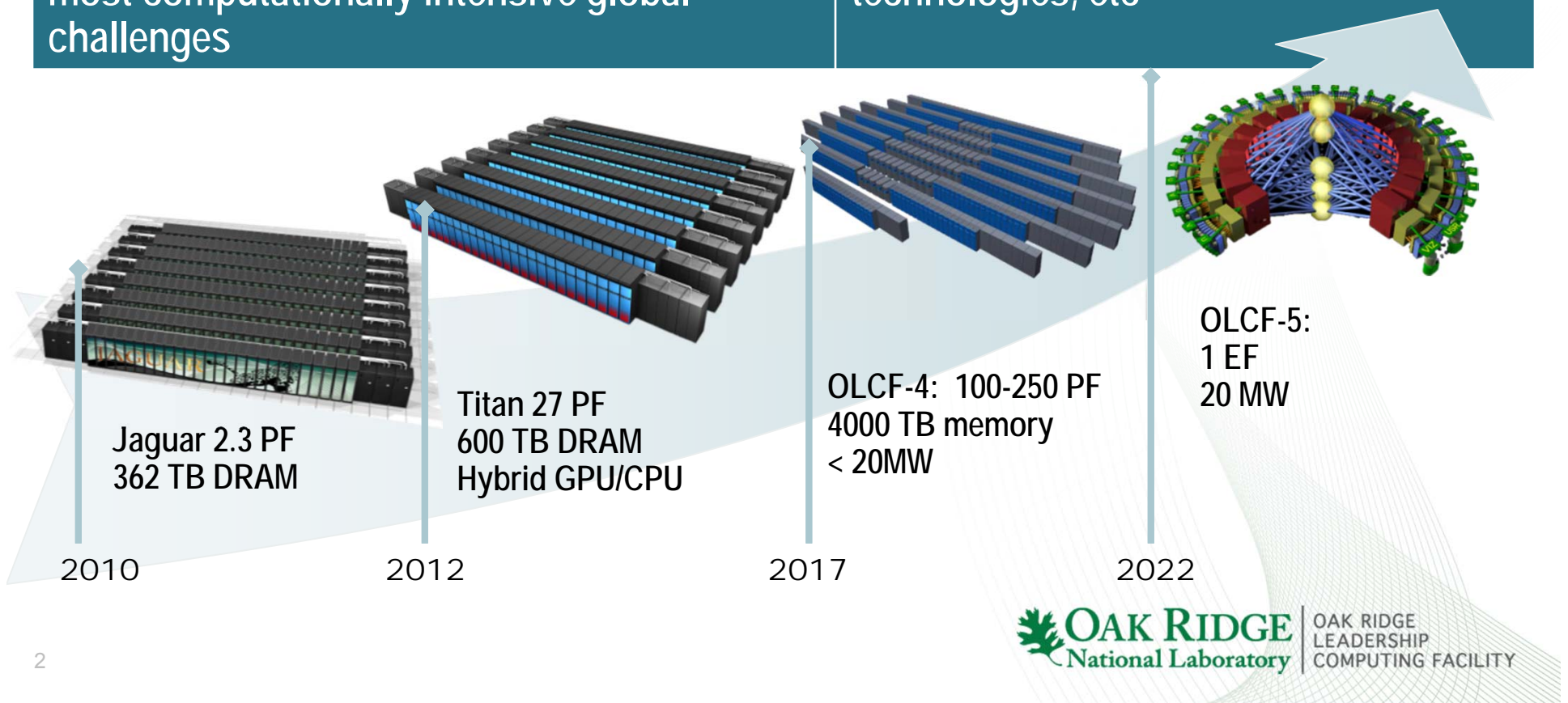
# Our Science requires that we advance computational capability 1000x over the next decade.

## Mission:

Providing world-class computational resources and specialized services for the most computationally intensive global challenges

## Vision:

Deliver transforming discoveries in climate, materials, biology, energy technologies, etc



# Leadership Computing Mission Need for 150 PF to 400 PF Capability System in 2017-2018

DOE Mission Need Statement was approved 12/2012 and revised in 7/2013:

- 150-400 PF Capability System with delivery in 2017-2018
  - Capability will be divided between two Oak Ridge and Argonne Leadership Computing Facilities
  - Architectural Diversity among the LCF systems is required

# LCF's next systems, OLCF-4 & ALCF-3 are being procured through CORAL

- CORAL: Collaboration of Oak Ridge, Argonne, Livermore
- Created to jointly acquire leadership computing systems for DOE's National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) and Office of Science (SC)
- Formed on the basis of common acquisition timings
- Offers a "win-win":
  - Reduces number of RFPs for vendors
  - Allows pooling of R&D funds
  - Supports sharing of technical expertise among labs
  - Strengthens SC/NNSA alliance for exascale



# CORAL procurement: Execution process

- February 18, 2014:  
Vendor proposals submitted
- Proposals were evaluated  
in a 2 step process
  - 8 teams of technical experts assessed  
responsiveness to Draft Statement of  
Work and proposal instructions
  - Buying team selected 2 proposals  
providing best value
- Announcement of results will be made  
once contracts have been negotiated
- Each system is expected to deliver  
100–200 PF

## Technical team focus areas

- Project management
- System hardware
- System software
- System performance
- Programming  
environment
- File system
- Facilities and operations
- NRE

# CORAL Procurement Model

## Two Diverse Architecture Paths

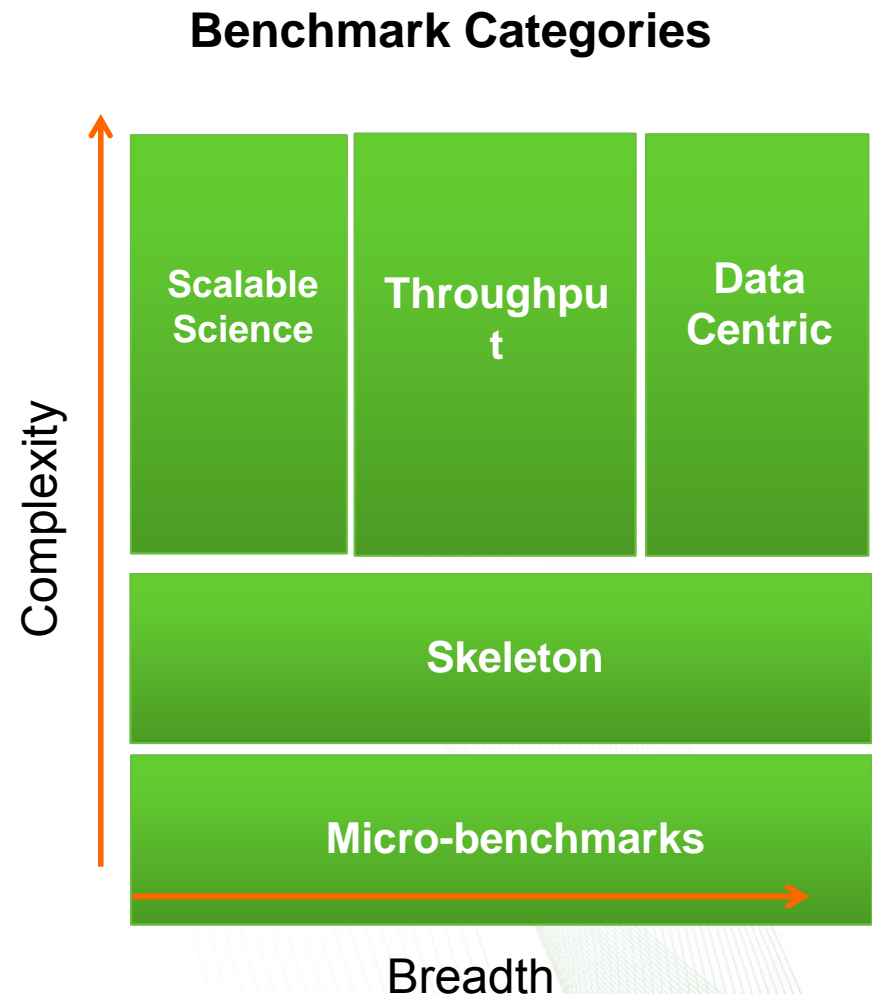


# High Level System Targets

- Target speedup over current systems of 4x on Scalable benchmarks and 6x on Throughput benchmarks
- Peak Performance  $\geq 100$  PF
- Aggregate memory of 4 PB and  $\geq 1$  GB per MPI task (2 GB preferred)
- Maximum power consumption of system and peripherals  $\leq 20$  MW
- Mean Time Between Application Failure that requires human intervention  $\geq 6$  days
- Data centric capabilities

# CORAL benchmark categories represent DOE workloads and technical requirements

- Scalable science benchmarks
  - Expected to run at full scale on systems
- Throughput benchmarks
  - Represent large ensemble runs
- Data centric benchmarks
  - Represent emerging data intensive workloads
  - Integer operations, instruction throughput, indirect addressing
- Skeleton benchmarks
  - Investigate network performance, threading overheads, I/O, memory, memory hierarchies, system software, and programming models
- Micro benchmarks
  - Small code fragments that represent expensive compute portions of some of the scalable science and throughput applications





# CORAL benchmarking suite uses mini-apps and a few larger applications

Categories	Scalable Science	Throughput	Data Centric	Skeleton
Marquee (TR-1)	LSMS QBOX NEKbone HACC	CAM-SE UMT2013 AMG2013 MCB	Graph500 Int sort Hashing	CLOMP IOR CORAL MPI Memory CORAL loops
Elective (TR-2)		QMCPACK NAMD LULESH SNAP miniFE	SPECint_ peak2006	Pydynamic HACC I/O FTQ XSBench miniMADNESS
Elective Micro-Benchmarks (TR-3)	NEKbonemk HACCmk	UMTmk AMDmk MILCmk GFMCmk		

## More information on CORAL

<https://asc.llnl.gov/CORAL>

- Provides all documents for the bidders

<https://asc.llnl.gov/CORAL-benchmarks/>

- Provides all information on the benchmark codes

Questions?

WellsJC@ornl.gov

Contact us at  
<http://olcf.ornl.gov>  
<http://jobs.ornl.gov>

